

Panasonic RS-232C Serial Interface Model: RL-P3001

Instruction for Use

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For your convenience and protection, enter the information below and retain for future reference. The model and serial numbers are on the bottom of the unit. A separate warranty registration card is packed with the unit. This should be completed and mailed to Panasonic as soon as possible. If you received no warranty registration card with your purchase, please contact your Panasonic dealer, they may have registered the unit for you. Notice: In several countries a warranty registration card is not necessary.

| Model No | Dealer Name |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Serial No. | Dealer AddressCityStateZip |
| Purchase Date | Dealer Telephone |

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The RS-232C along with its connecting cable joins you to other computers and their peripherals (modems, high speed printers, and so on). It allows the HHC to receive data and programs from data networks. The RS-232C has optional capsule programs which give you menu options to facilitate this connection.

CONNECTION

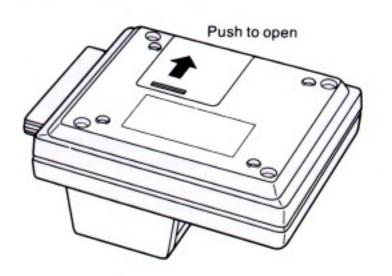
The RS-232C, like other HHC peripherals, has a connector which fits into any I/O Adaptor slot or into the left-hand side slot of the HHC Primary Unit.

THE RS-232C CABLE (OPTION)

The RS-232C cable, 1.5 meters long, connects either end first to the RS-232C input/output port on the top, and the other end connects to a matching port on the device to be connected to. Those two connections are uni-directional: they can only be made one way. Do not force fit a wrong connection. Every device needs its own cable. The cables are not necessary interchangeable.

PROGRAM CAPSULES (OPTION)

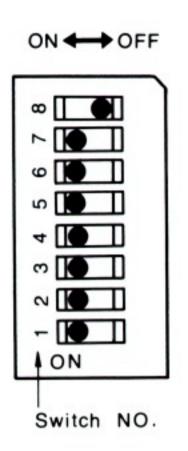
As developed, new capsule programs will be released which will expand the capability of the RS-232C—for instance, by allowing you to connect with other or newer devices. They can be mounted where the present RS-232C capsule program is, under the door on the bottom of the unit. Instructions will be provided with the capsule programs themselves.



3

HOW TO SELECT BAUD RATE

To select the baud rate, open the door at the bottom of the unit; you will see the dip switch for this purpose. The switch has numbers from 1 to 8 and an indicator for ON. Use the following chart to choose the baud rate:



| | Switch No. | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Baud Rate | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 9600 bps | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 4800 bps | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 2400 bps | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 1200 bps | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 600 bps | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 300 bps | ON | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 150 bps | ON | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 75 bps | OFF | ON |

| 200 bps | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 110 bps | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 50 bps | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |

WHAT CAN GO WRONG

You can transmit unintelligible signals by selecting the wrong mode of transmission for the particular device you are connecting to.

PRIMARY UNIT KEYS AFFECTING YOUR RS-232C

The I/O key when pressed gives you the I/O menu from which you type the number corresponding to "RS 232C IN", and "RS 232C OUT". You can exit the I/O menu with either ENTER or the I/O key.

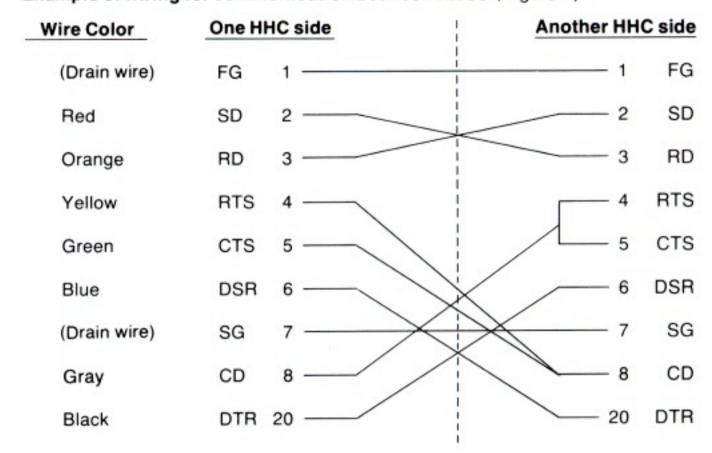
THE CONNECTION OF RS-232C WIRES

In order for RS-232C peripherals to be connected to any desired terminals, one side of RS-232C cable is not connected to the pins of DB25 type connector. For your reference, examples of wiring are shown in figure 1 and figure 2. Figure 1 is applicable in case you'd like to connect the devices whose assignment of pins are as same as the RS-232C peripheral (in case you have communication between another HHC system).

Also, this wiring is applicable in case you want to connect with EPSON printer which has RS-232C interface card.

For more information, please refer to the manual for your equipment or contact the nearest servicenter.

Example of wiring for communication between HHCs (Figure 1)



Example of wiring for the connection to the MODEM (Figure 2)

| Wire Color | HHC side | e (as DTE) | Modem si | de |
|--------------|----------|------------|----------|-----|
| (Drain wire) | FG | 1 ——— | 1 | FG |
| Red | SD | 2 ——— | 2 | SD |
| Orange | RD | 3 ——— | 3 | RD |
| Yellow | RTS | 4 ——— | | RTS |
| Green | CTS | 5 ——— | 5 | CTS |
| Blue | DSR | 6 ——— | | DSR |
| (Drain wire) | SG | 7 ——— | 7 | SG |
| Gray | CD | 8 ——— | <u> </u> | CD |
| Black | DTR | 20 ——— | | DTR |
| | | | | |

Signal Description and Pin Assignment

| Pin No. | o. Signal Name Direction | | Description | Wire Color | |
|---------|--------------------------|---|---|--------------|--|
| 1 | FG | 1. | Frame Ground | (Drain wire) | |
| 2 | SD | Out | Transmitted Data | Red | |
| 3 | RD | In | Received Data | Orange | |
| 4 | RTS | Out | Request to Send (This is the signal to request sending the signal for the connected terminal.) | Yellow | |
| 5 | CTS | In Clear to Send (This signal is used for with-holding timing of the transmitted data.) | | Green | |
| 6 | DSR | In | Data Set Ready (This signal is showing the timing of setting data from the terminal.) | Blue | |
| 7 | SG | | Signal Ground | (Drain wire) | |

| 8 | CD | In | Received Line Signal Detector (In case the modem is connected, this signal is used for the carrier detect.) | Gray |
|----|-----|-----|---|-------|
| 20 | DTR | Out | Data Terminal Ready (This signal is showing the connected terminal is ready or not.) | Black |

Note: "Direction"; This is the direction of signal flow as viewed from RS-232C peripheral. All signals are compatible with EIA RS-232C Standard.

SPECIFICATIONS

Transmission System:

Asyncronous serial transmission

Transmission Speed:

50, 75, 110, 150, 200, 300, 600, 1200, 2400,

4800, 9600 bps selectable; accuracy 0.5%

or less

Transmission Code:

5, 6, 7 or data bits

1 or 2 stop bits

How to Set Transmission Speed:

011

Set manually by dip switches in the bottom

of the unit

Output Level of Line Driver:

±10 V

Allowable Input Level of

Line Receiver:

Within ±20 V

Line Driver:

Output termination current within ± 12 mA

Output impedance 300Ω or more

(measured by applying \pm 12 V at output

terminal when power off)

Input/Output Connecter for

Transmission:

DB 25 type connector (CCITT-V24)

Control/Application

Capsule Socket:

1 slot (in the bottom of the unit)

Power Source:

Supplied from the HHC Primary Unit or from

the AC Adaptor

Power Consumption:

Operating Temperature:

650 mW 32°F-104°F (0°C-40°C)

Dimensions:

4-1/2"×2-13/32"×3-3/4"

(113.5×61×95 mm)

Weight:

12.35 oz. (350 g)

Please refer to your capsule manual for more information.

(only for USA)

WARNING—This equipment has been certified to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device, pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules. Only peripherals (Computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) certified to comply with the Class B limits may be attached to this computer. Operation with noncertified peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules. Which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

.... reorient the receiving antenna

..... relocate the computer with respect to the receiver

..... move the computer away from the receiver

..... plug the computer into a different outlet so that computer and receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful:

"How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems". This booklet is available from the US Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402, Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.